Amendments to the Claims

- 1. (Original) A glass composition comprising inorganic glass, characterized in that a volume ratio of an isotope of helium with a mass number of 3 to an isotope of helium with a mass number of 4 in the glass (0°C, 1 atm) is smaller than a volume ratio of the isotope of helium with a mass number of 3 to the isotope of helium with a mass number of 4 present in the atmosphere (0°C, 1 atm).
- 2. (Original) A glass composition according to claim 1, characterized in that the volume ratio of the isotope of helium with a mass number of 3 to the isotope of helium with a mass number of 4 in the glass is 0.8×10^{-6} or less (0°C, 1 atm).
- 3. (Currently amended) A glass composition according to claim 1-or 2, characterized in that a total content of the isotope of helium with a mass number of 4 and the isotope of helium with a mass number of 3 in the glass is 5.0×10^{-5} to 2 μ l/g (0°C, 1 atm).
- 4. (Currently amended) A glass composition according to any one of claims 1 to 3 claim 1, characterized in that the glass composition comprises an multicomponent oxide glass.
- 5. (Currently amended) A glass composition according to any one of claims 1 to 4 claim 1, characterized in that the glass composition comprises a silicate glass.
- 6. (Currently amended) A glass composition according to any one of claims 1 to 5 claim 1, characterized in that a transmittance for a thickness of 1.0 mm is 99.9% or less with respect to a light beam having a predetermined wavelength within a wavelength range of 200.0 nm to 1,050.0 nm.

- 7. (Currently amended) A glass composition according to any one of claims 1 to 6 claim 1, characterized in that the glass composition is sealed with a member composed of one material selected from the group consisting of a glass, a ceramic, and a metal under heat.
- 8. (Currently amended) A glass composition according to any one of claims 1 to 7 claim 1, characterized in that the glass composition is obtained as a result of crystallization inside glass and/or on a surface of the glass.
- 9. (Original) A method of producing a glass article comprising the steps of:

melting a glass raw material by heating;

homogenizing molten glass;

forming the homogenized molten glass into a predetermined shape; and cooling the shaped formed glass article to room temperature,

wherein, in at least one of the step of melting a glass raw material by heating and the step of homogenizing molten glass, a helium gas is brought into contact with the molten glass so that helium is dissolved in a glass article in such a manner that a volume ratio of an isotope of helium with a mass number of 3 to an isotope of helium with a mass number of 4 (0°C, 1 atm) is smaller than a volume ratio of the isotope of helium with a mass number of 3 to the isotope of helium with a mass number of 4 present in the atmosphere (0°C, 1 atm).

10. (Original) A method of producing a glass article according to claim 9, characterized in that helium is dissolved in a glass article in such a manner that the volume ratio of the isotope of helium with a mass number of 3 to the isotope of helium with a mass number of 4 in the glass article is 0.8×10^{-6} or less (0°C, 1 atm) and a total content of the isotope with a mass number of 4 and the isotope with a mass number of 3 is 5.0×10^{-5} to 2 μ l/g (0°C, 1 atm).

- 11. (Currently amended) A method of producing a glass article according to claim 9-or-10, characterized in that molten glass is melted and homogenized while the molten glass is evaluated for degree of homogeneity by measuring a volume ratio of the isotope of helium with a mass number of 3 to the isotope of helium with a mass number of 4 in the molten glass, a formed glass article, or a glass article.
- 12. (Currently amended) A method of producing a glass article according to any one of claims 9 to 11 claim 9, characterized in that the step of homogenizing molten glass is intended for homogenizing the molten glass in such a manner that a volume ratio of the isotope of helium with a mass number of 3 to the isotope of helium with a mass number of 4 in a glass article is in a range of 1.0×10^{-9} to 0.8×10^{-6} .